> P is $\mathbb{E}$ of roadway, dike, survey, or other as detailed on the plans.
> Skew angle is the angle which one end of the pipe is ahead (by stationing) of a line prerpendicular to the ©.
> (Example: skew Rt. ahead 30 degrees).
> (G) is the dimension to \& of Tee from outlet end of pipe. Either one or two Tees are required as specified.

(1) Refer to the following:

DR-201 for circular concrete.

| $D R-20$ | for low clearance |
| :--- | :--- |
| $R-203$ |  |
| for circular metal. |  |

DR-205 for circular concrete with end wall. DR-206 for low clearance concrete with end wall.
(2) See R-142

Possible Tabulation

| CIOWADOT | DR-602 |
| :---: | :---: |
| STANDARD ROAD PLA |  |
|  | SHEET 1 of |
| B |  |
| REINFORCED CONCRETE PII WITH TEES | Culvert |

