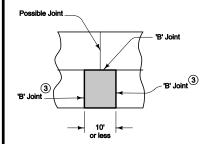


FULL ROADWAY WIDTH PATCH

FULL ROADWAY WIDTH PATCH



Match Existing
Joint Spacing

5' min.

BT-3' Joint

B' Joint

B' Joint

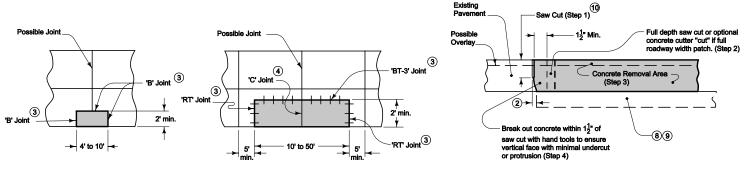
TO' to 50'

Requires 'C' Joints

ONE LANE WIDTH PATCH

PARTIAL LANE WIDTH PATCH

ONE LANE WIDTH PATCH



PARTIAL LANE WIDTH PATCH

See PV-101 for joint and bar placement details.

Construct rectangular patches even when existing pavement joints are skewed.

- Joint spacing 10 feet minimum, 20 feet maximum, 15 feet optimum.
- ② The face of the patch should be near vertical. Protrusions less than 2 inches need not be removed if uniformly tapered from bottom of saw cut to bottom of patch. A step or ledge on this face is not allowed.
- (3) If resurfacing is part of the contract, joint shall not be sawed after patching nor be sealed. If patch is not to be surfaced, then saw and seal according to PV-101.
- 4 If resurfacing is part of the contract, 'C' joints shall be sawed but not sealed. If the patch is not to be resurfaced, then saw and seal according to PV-101.
- (5) Establish a new joint at approximate mid patch. This joint does not need to align with any existing joint or crack in adjacent pavement.
- (6) 'B' joint if end of patch does not match an existing joint or crack in the adjacent lane.
- If one lane patch exceeds 50 feet, both lanes should be considered for patching.
- 8 Possible Subbase Patch, see RR-26.
- (9) If longitudinal subdrain (shoulder) is not to be placed or if it is not present on side of roadway to be patched, then place drain per RR-26.
- (1) Saw cut through overlay so that cut is 1½ inches into original pavement.

Possible Contract Items: CT Joint Patches, Full-Depth Repair

Patches by Count (Repair)
Patches, Full-Depth Finish, by Count
Patches, Full-Depth Finish, by Area

Possible Tabulation: 102-6C

PAVEMENT REMOVAL



WITHOUT DOWELS